

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

# SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

: SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN Product name

Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)

Product type REACH : Mixture

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

polyurethane

### 1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

## Supplier of the safety data sheet

SOUDAL N.V. Everdongenlaan 18-20 B-2300 Turnhout **3** +32 14 42 42 31

+32 14 42 65 14

msds@soudal.com

### Manufacturer of the product

SOUDAL N.V. Everdongenlaan 18-20 B-2300 Turnhout

**3** +32 14 42 42 31 +32 14 42 65 14

msds@soudal.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch):

+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Aerosol	categ <mark>ory 1</mark>	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	categ <mark>ory 1</mark>	H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Carc.	categ <mark>ory 2</mark>	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Resp. Sens.	category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
STOT RE	category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Skin Irrit.	categ <mark>ory 2</mark>	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	categ <mark>ory 3</mark>	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

### 2.2. Label elements







Contains: polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate.

Signal word H-statements Danger

H222

Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229

Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H351

Suspected of causing cancer.

Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG)

Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel http://www.big.be

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Product number: 47806

H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
P-statements	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Supplemental information

- Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.
- Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.
- This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

# 3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No		CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
propane 01-2119486944-21		74-98-6 200-827-9	1% <c<10%< th=""><th>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280</th><th>(1)(2)(10)</th><th>Propellant</th></c<10%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant
isobutane 01-2119485395-27		75-28-5 200-857-2	1% <c<20%< td=""><td>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280</td><td>(1)(2)(10)</td><td>Propellant</td></c<20%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant
dimethyl ether 01-2119472128-37		115-10-6 204-065-8	1% <c<10%< td=""><td>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280</td><td>(1)(2)(10)</td><td>Propellant</td></c<10%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant
reaction mass of tris(2-chloropr tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) pho phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1- chloropropyl ester and phospho methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) 01-2119486772-26	osphate and methylethyl) 2- oric acid, 2-chloro-1-		1% <c<25%< td=""><td>Acute Tox. 4; H302</td><td>(1)(10)</td><td>Constituent</td></c<25%<>	Acute Tox. 4; H302	(1)(10)	Constituent
polymethylene polyphenyl isoc	yanate	9016-87-9		Carc. 2; H351 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	(1)(2)(8)(10)(18)	Constituent
(1,3-butadiene, conc<0.1%)						

- (1) For H-statements in full: see heading 16
- (2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
- (8) Specific concentration limits, see heading 16
- (10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
- (18) Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate, contains > 0.1% MDI-isomers

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Conoral

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

#### After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

#### After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

#### After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

#### After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# 4.2.1 Acute symptoms

#### After inhalation:

Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Runny nose. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory difficulties.

#### After skin contact

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

#### After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue. Lacrimation.

## After ingestion:

Not applicable.

### 4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

### 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher.

### 5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher, Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

Major fire: Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (phosphorus oxides, nitrous vapours, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide).

Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May polymerize on exposure to temperature rise. On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

### 5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistant risk of physical explosion. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.

### 5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosion proof appliances and lighting equipment.

# 6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

### 6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

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Dam up the solid spill. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Allow product to solidify and remove it by mechanical means. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean (treat) contaminated surfaces with acetone. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### 7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements. Max. storage time: 1 year(s).

### 7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, (strong) acids, (strong) bases, amines.

### 7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Aerosol.

### 7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

EU

## 8.1.1 Occupational exposure

# a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

LU			
Dimethylether		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1000 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1920 mg/m³
Belgium			
4,4'-Diisocyanate de dip	phénylméthane (MDI)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.005 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.052 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrocarbures aliphatiq C4)	ues sous forme gazeuse : (Alcanes C1-	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
Oxyde de diméthyle		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1920 mg/m³
The Netherlands			
Dimethylether		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	496 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	950 mg/m³
		Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	783 ppm
		Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	1500 mg/m³
France			
4,4'-Diisocyanate de dipl	nénylméthane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.01 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.02 ppm
		Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Oxyde de diméthyle		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)	1000 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)	1920 mg/m³

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iisocyanat	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.05 mg/m³
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1900 mg/m³
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	2400 mg/m³
t)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.05 mg/m³
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	t)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)

#### UK

O.K			<u>.</u>
Dimethyl ether		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	400 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	766 mg/m³
		Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	500 ppm
		Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	958 mg/m³
Isocyanates, all (as -NCO	, , ,	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.07 mg/m³

### USA (TLV-ACGIH)

00/1 (124 /10011)			
Butane, all isomers		Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	1000 ppm
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Ado	opted Value) 0.005 ppm

### b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

### 8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Isocyanates	NIOSH	5521
Isocyanates	NIOSH	5522

### 8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

### 8.1.4 DNEL/PNEC values

### **DNEL/DMEL - Workers**

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	5.82 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	22.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	2.08 mg/kg bw/day	
	Acute systemic effects dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	

# DNEL/DMEL - General population

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL		Long-term systemic effects inhalation	1.46 mg/m³	
		Acute systemic effects inhalation	11.2 mg/m³	
		Long-term systemic effects dermal	1.04 mg/kg bw/day	
		Acute systemic effects dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	
		Long-term systemic effects oral	0.52 mg/kg bw/day	

### PNEC

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.64 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	0.51 mg/l	
Marine water	0.064 mg/l	
STP	7.84 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	13.4 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	1.34 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	1.7 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	11.6 mg/kg food	

## 8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

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### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly.

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

#### a) Respiratory protection:

Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit.

### b) Hand protection:

Gloves.

Materials	Breakthrough time	Thickness
LDPE (Low Density Poly Ethylene)	> 10 minutes	0.025 mm

### - materials (good resistance)

LDPE (Low Density Poly Ethylene).

#### c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles.

#### d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	prijologi dila orion						
Physical form		Aerosol					
Odour		Characteristic odour					
Odour threshold		No data available					
Colour		Variable in colour, depending on the composition					
Particle size		lo data available					
Explosion limits		No data available					
Flammability		Extremely flammable aerosol.					
Log Kow		Not applicable (mixture)					
Dynamic viscosity		No data available					
Kinematic viscosity		No data available					
Melting point		No data available					
Boiling point		No data available					
Flash point		No data available					
Evaporation rate		No data available					
Relative vapour density		>1					
Vapour pressure		No data available					
Solubility		Water; insoluble					
		Organic solvents ; soluble					
Relative density		0.92 ; 20 °C					
Decomposition tempera	ture	No data available					
Auto-ignition temperatu	re	No data available					
Explosive properties		No chemical group associated with explosive properties					
Oxidising properties		No chemical group associated with oxidising properties					
рН		<mark>No data availa</mark> ble					

# 9.2. Other information

Absolute density 920 kg/m³; 20 °C

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May polymerize with many compounds e.g.: (strong) bases and amines. Reacts violently with (some) acids/bases.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

### **Precautionary measures**

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

(strong) acids, (strong) bases, amines.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

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On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide). On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (phosphorus oxides, nitrous vapours, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide).

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

### Acute toxicity

### SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid. 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	EU Method B.1 tris	632 mg/kg bw		Rat (female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 7 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time		Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		> 10000 mg/kg		Rat	Literature study	
Dermal	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg		Rabbit	Literature study	
Inhalation (vapours)	LD50		10 mg/l - 20 mg/l	4 h	Rat	Literature study	
Inhalation			category 4			Literature study	

### Conclusion

Harmful if inhaled.

Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin

Not classified as acute toxic if swallowed

### Corrosion/irritation

## SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point		Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irrit <mark>ating</mark>	OECD 405	24 h	7 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irrit <mark>ating</mark>	OECD 404	4 h	7 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Value determination	Remark
•	Irritating;				Literature study	
Skin	Irritating; category 2				Literature study	
	Irritating; STOT SE cat.3				Literature study	

### Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

# SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Result	Method	 Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sens <mark>itizing</mark>	OECD 429		Mouse (female)	Experimental value	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	•	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizin <mark>g;</mark> category <mark>1</mark>					Literature study	
Inhalation	Sensitizing; category 1					Literature study	

### Conclusion

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

### Specific target organ toxicity

### SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Paramete	r Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	171 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	13 weeks (daily)	Rat (female)	Experimental value
Oral (diet)	LOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	52 mg/kg bw/day	Liver	Weight gain	13 weeks (daily)	Rat (male)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	Dose leve		0.586 mg/l air		No effect		Mouse (male)	Experimental value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Value determination
Inhalation			STOT RE cat.2				Literature study

### Conclusion

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Not classified as sub-chronically toxic in contact with skin

Not classified as sub-chronically toxic if swallowed

# Mutagenicity (in vitro)

# SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic	OECD 482	Rat liver cells		Experimental value
activation, negative without				
metabolic activation				
Negative without metabolic	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y		Experimental value
activation, positive with		cells)		
metabolic activation				

## Mutagenicity (in vivo)

### SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Result		Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative		OECD 474		Mouse (male/female)	Bone marrow	Experimental value

### Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

# Carcinogenicity

# SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Reason for revision: 3.2	Publication date: 2009-01-07
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Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Inhalation								Data waiving
Dermal								Data waiving
Oral								Data waiving

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Unknown			category 2					Literature study

### Conclusion

Suspected of causing cancer.

### Reproductive toxicity

### SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 3	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	LOAEL		99 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (female)	Embryotoxicity		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	LOAEL		99 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male/female)		Female reproductive organ	Experimental value

## Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

### Toxicity other effects

## SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

### Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

Feeling of weakness. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. May stain the skin. Dry skin. Coughing. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Respiratory difficulties.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

### SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement of the mixture is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl

ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

		Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes		LC50	Other	56.2 mg/l		Brachydanio rerio	Static system		Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea		LC50		131 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system		Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquapplants	tic	ErC50	OECD 201	82 mg/l		Pseudokirchnerie lla subcapitata	Static system		Experimental value; GLP
Long-term toxicity fish									Data waiving
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea		NOEC	OECD 202	32 mg/l	21 day(s)		Semi-static system		Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms		EC50	ISO 8192	784 mg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system		Experimental value; GLP

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polymethylene polyphenyl iso	cyar	<u>nate</u>							
		Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	3	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity other aquatic organisms		LC50		> 1000 mg/l	96 h				Literature study
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms		EC50	OECD 209	> 100 mg/l		Activated sludge			Literature study

### Conclusion

Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Biodegradation water

	ivietnoa	value	Duration	value determination
	OECD 301E: Modified OECD Screening Test	14 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value
Pl	nototransformation air (DT50 air)			
			0 011 11 1	

	ivietilou		value		COLIC. OFF-Laulcais	value determination	
	AOPWIN v1.92		8.6 h		500000 /cm³	Calculated value	
Bi	iodegradation soil						

	Method	value	Duration	Value determination		
				/	Data waiving	
н	lalf-life water (t1/2 water)					

Method			Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
EU Method C.7	> 1 year(s)		Primary degradation	Experimental value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

**Biodegradation water** 

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 302C: Inherent Biodegradability:	< 60 %		Experimental value
Modified MITI Test (II)			

# Conclusion

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

**BCF** fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF	OECD 305	0.8 - 14; Fresh	6 week(s)	Cyprinus carpio	Experimental value

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
EU Method A.8		<mark>2.6</mark> 8	30 °C	Experimental value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

BCF fishes

Parameter	Metho	d	Value	Durat	ion	Species	Value determination
BCF			1			Pisces	Literature study

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

## Conclusion

No straightforward conclusion can be drawn based upon the available numerical values

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

(log) Koc

Parameter		Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc		EU Method C.19	2.76	Experimental value

#### Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air		Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level I	0.01 %	0 %	3.55 %	3.52 %	92.89 %	Read-across

#### Conclusion

Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Due to insufficient data no statement can be made whether the component(s) fulfil(s) the criteria of PBT and vPvB according to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### 13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

### **European Union**

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

08 05 01\* (wastes not otherwise specified in 08: waste isocyanates).

16 05 04\* (gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

## 13.1.2 Disposal methods

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Specific treatment. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

# 13.1.3 Packaging/Container

## **European Union**

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10\* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

# SE

Road (ADR)	
14.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	
Class	2
Classification code	5F
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardo <mark>us substance mark</mark>	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	190
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	625
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
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I (RID)	
4.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
4.2. UN proper shipping na <mark>me</mark>	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
4.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	23
Class	2
Classification code	5F
4.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
.4.5. Environmental hazards	Z-1
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
4.6. Special precautions for user	III
	190
Special provisions	
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	625
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging
	liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
and waterways (ADN)	
4.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
4.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
4.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Classification code	5F
.4.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
4.5. Environmental hazards	E-1.2
	lan c
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
4.6. Special precautions for user	400
Special provisions	190
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	625
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
(IMDC /IMSPC)	
(IMDG/IMSBC)	
4.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
4.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
4.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
.4.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
4.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
4.6. Special precautions for user	
Special previsions	63
	190
Special provisions	
Special provisions	277
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	381
Special provisions	959
	Combination realizations at more than 1 literature in a property
Limited quantities	
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
	liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

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Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)		
14.1. UN number		
UN number		1950
14.2. UN proper shipping na	me	
Proper shipping name		Aerosols, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class	(es)	
Class		2.1
14.4. Packing group		
Packing group		
Labels		2.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	S	
Environmentally hazardo	ous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for	ruser	
Special provisions		A145
Special provisions		A167
Special provisions		A802
Limited quantities: maxi	mum net quantity per packaging	30 kg G

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark	
< 25.49 %		
< 234.51 g/l		

### REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

		Designation of the substance, of the substances or of the mixture	e group of	Conditions of restriction
· reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropy		Liquid substances or mixtures which		1. Shall not be used in:
phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methy		regarded as dangerous in accordan		— ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different
phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2		Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfillin		phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropy		criteria for any of the following haz		— tricks and jokes,
and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-met	hylethyl	or categories set out in Annex I to R	Regulation	— games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with
bis(2-chloropropyl) ester		(EC) No 1272/2008:		ornamental aspects,
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyana	te	(a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and	d 2.7, 2.8	2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
		types A and B. 2.9. 2.10. 2.12. 2.13	categories 1	3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for
		and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15		
		F·	.,,	— can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
		(b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adv	verse	— present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,
		effects on sexual function and fertil		4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market
		development, 3.8 effects other than	ninarcotic	unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted
		effects, 3.9 and 3.10;		by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
		(c) hazard class 4.1;		5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the
		(d) hazard class 5.1.		classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall
				ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
				a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly,
				legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of
				children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of
				lamps — may lead to life- threatening lung damage";
				b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are
				legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: "Just a sip of grill lighter may
				lead to life threatening lung damage";
				c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general
				public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
				6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
				to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to
				ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304,
				intended for supply to the general public.
				7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter
				fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter,
				provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the
				competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data
				available to the Commission.'
and an attended and an inches		N 4 - 4   - 1 - 1 - 1   - 1	4DI)	4 Chall and he alread and he mended offers 27 December 2010 and a service of the control of the
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyana		Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (N		1. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures in
		including the following specific ison	,	concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general
		Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2		public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging:
		Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2	,2'-	(a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive
		Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate		89/686/EEC;

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		(b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without prejudice to other
		Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances
		and mixtures:
		"— Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using

this product.

Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.

- This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.

### National legislation Belgium

SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No data available

### National legislation The Netherlands

SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

Waterbezwaarlijkheid Z (2)

### National legislation France

## SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Catégorie cancérogène 4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane; C2

#### National legislation Germany

## SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

WGK 1; Classification water polluting based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 4)

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

TA-Luft	5.2.5		
polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate			
TA-Luft	5 2 5 1		

	5.2.5; I	
	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes	
	und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden	
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des	
	biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden	
	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; Sah; Atemwegssensibilisierende Stoffe Und Hautsensibilisierende Stoffe, an beiden	
	Zielorganen Allergien auslösende	
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); Sa; Atemwegssensibilisierende Stoffe	
end	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); 2	
dernd	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -	
	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -	
end		
igend	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -	
	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; H; Hautresorptiv	
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); H; Hautresorptiv	
	end dernd end igend	

### National legislation United Kingdom

SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

odijinicinijicine polijpineniji iso	of different control of the control
Skin Sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen
Respiratory sensitisation	Isocvanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocvanate: Sen

### Other relevant data

## SOUDAFOAM GAP FILLER GENIUS GUN

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

IARC - classification 3; Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been conducted for the mixture.

# SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of any H-statements referred to under heading 3:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

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H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

(\*) INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG

CLP (EU-GHS) Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)

DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
EC50 Effect Concentration 50 %

ErC50 EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50 %

LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP Sludge Treatment Process

vPvB very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

### Specific concentration limits CLP

polymethylene polyphen <mark>yl isocyanate</mark>	C ≥ 5 %	Eye Irrit 2;H319	analogous to Annex VI
	C≥5%	Skin Irrit 2;H315	analogous to Annex VI
	C ≥ 0.1 %	Resp Sens 1;H334	analogous to Annex VI
	C≥5%	STOT SE 3;H335	analogous to Annex VI

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption, storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Old versions must be destroyed. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet has been elaborated for use within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Lichtenstein. It may be consulted in other countries, where local legislation with regards to the set-up of safety data sheets will take precedence. It is your obligation to verify and apply such local legislation. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is failing the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.

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